Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. 15. (Cancelled)
- 16. (Currently Amended) A method for screening a sample for the presence of K. brevis, comprising:

subjecting the sample to amplification using a pair of oligonucleotide primers capable of amplifying a target region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of *K. brevis*; and

applying an amplification process to the sample in the presence of a primer, specific to a target nucleotide sequence unique to K. brevis; and

assaying the sample <u>mRNA</u> for the presence of the <u>probe amplified target region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) unique to *K. brevis*.</u>

- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16 wherein the target nucleotide sequence comprises the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of K. brevis-pair of oligonucleotide primers specifically amplify mRNA od a target region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of K. brevis and do not amplify a region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of K. mikimotoi.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16 wherein the target region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of *K. brevis* nucleotide sequence is about 87 to 91 base pairs in length
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16 wherein the amplification process is selected from the group consisting of real-time reverse-transcriptase polymerase chain reaction and quantitative thermocycling.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19 wherein the <u>pair of oligonucleotide primers at least one primer comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting consist of SEQ. ID. No. 1 and SEQ. ID. No. 2.</u>
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20 wherein the <u>pair of oligonucleotide primers</u> at least one primer is are specific to a target region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of K. brevis a nucleotide sequence about 91 base pairs in length.

- 22. Cancelled
- 23. Cancelled
- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20 wherein the amplification process is applied to the sample in the presence of a probe.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 24 wherein the probe comprises a nucleotide sequence consisting consists of SEQ. ID. No. 6.
- 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16 wherein the amplification process is real time nucleic acid sequence based amplification.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 26 wherein the <u>pair of oligonucleotide primers at least one primer comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting consist of SEQ. ID. No. 4 and SEQ. ID. No. 5.</u>
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26 wherein the amplification process is applied to sample in the presence of a probe.
- 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28 wherein the probe comprises a nucleotide sequence consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 3.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 26 wherein the <u>pair of oligonucleotide primers</u> at least one primer is specific to a target region of the ribulose 1, 5-biphosphate carboxylase-oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) of *K. brevis* a nucleotide sequence about 87 base pairs in length.
- 31. (Withdrawn)
- 32. (Withdrawn)
- 33. (Withdrawn)
- 34. (Withdrawn)
- 35. (Withdrawn)
- 36. (Withdrawn)